UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

PUBLIC HEARING

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IN RE: WHITMOYER LABORATORIES

SUPERFUND SITE

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BEFORE:

OR/G/NAL

Lisa Brown, Community

Involvement Coordinator

Bhupi D. Khona, U.S. EPA

Christopher Corbett,

U.S. EPA

Tom Fizzano, WLPSG

HEARING:

Tuesday, February 12, 2002

7:01 p.m.

LOCATION:

Jackson Township

Municipal Building

60 N. Ramona Road

Myerstown, PA

Reporter: Vivian Gratz

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ROCEEDINGS

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MS. BROWN:

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Good evening and welcome. My name is Lisa Brown, and I work for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Tonight we are here to talk about the Whitmoyer Labs superfund site and our proposal and what to do with the soils that are underneath Fairlane Avenue. Those soils to an approximate amount of one percent of the total soil or 3,000 cubic yards. Right now we're in the middle of a public comment period. It starts today, February 12th, 2002, and runs through March 13th, 2002. That's on the back of this pink flyer we have up here. Wе have extra copies. You can help yourself to those copies, for your neighbors if you'd

like, also. And in there
you'll see that Bhupi Khona is
the project manager for the
site. And tonight we have a
stenographer, so you can make a
comment about our proposal here
tonight, and our stenographer
will record them, or you can
mail them into Bhupi at his
address, as long as your
comments get postmarked by
March 13th.

Tonight also with us is former project manager,
Christopher Corbett. And he will be narrating the video that we have. We'll be showing you an approximately 20-minute video later on which shows some of the details from the past work at the site.

Here at the township, as well as over at the library over on College Street, we have copies of the proposed

Amendment Number Three to the Record Decision for operable unit three. That's a legal document that provides more information on the proposal that you'll be hearing about tonight.

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So I'm going to turn the meeting over now to Bhupi
Khona, who will tell you a little bit more in the way of details regarding this proposal. Bhupi?

done.

Before me, Chris

Corbett, many of you may know him, has been involved with the site for 11 years or so, late '80s to 2001, and still available for consultation if I need to. And Noreen Wagner from State, she is here. She is sitting in the back. And Lisa Brown you know. Tom Fizzano from Enron Corporation --- pardon me, ENVIRON

Corporation. And Vivian, the stenographer.

MS. BROWN:

Vivian is here to take your comments down for the record, so I'm going to give her the rule of the roost. So if she can't understand any of us, she's got full headway to flag us, stop us and make sure she gets what you have to say on the record because your

comments are important to us.

MR. KHONA:

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And the purpose of this meeting is to discuss the proposed plan for Modification Number Three for operable unit three for Whitmoyer's corporate And I'll project the site. flow diagram or a chart that some of you are probably not familiar with the history of the site, and go over very briefly. And then we'll show you a video, about 20 minutes or so, which very nicely gives one idea how the cleanup progressed through the years and where we are now. A lot of activities went on during the cleanup, and it was very interesting. It's not professional quality. I tried to --- I actually edited it myself at home, so bear with me. And there's an excellent

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commentary by Chris Corbett which I'm sure you will enjoy And he will --- some of the clippings there's no commentary in the background. However, I put in the end music clip, I hope you like it, as a bonus.

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Actually, the prior Mr.

9 10 Whitmoyer started the business 11 in 1934, and in the '50s 12 started using arsenic for animal farmers to control 13 pests. In 1964 Rohm and Haas 14 15 acquired the property and also at the same time identified 16 problems. Quickly they 17 realized there were problems 18 19 with groundwater and soil and they did start some cleanup 20 21 work, which, I may be wrong, but probably the first 22 23 groundwater cleanup in the 24 whole country maybe, because 25 1964, EPA wasn't there. EPA was established in 1970. And the last owner --- it went through a few changes in ownership.

But in brief, the last owner left the site, actually declared bankruptcy and abandoned the site in '87.

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The EPA started investigation in 1984 and then it was listed on The National Priority List. It's a list which prioritizes all the Superfund sites and its cleanup. And from 1986 to which I forgot to put down, took some removal action, very --- removal action. There's a difference between remedial and removal action. Removal action is more geared toward very imminent threat that's very dangerous as to the community. And they took something like 400 drums out of the site and some liquid and stabilized the

site so it's at least safe, not an immediate threat or direct threat to the public.

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buildings, tanks, piping, all that stuff. OU3 addressed soils and sediments and some leftover building material and maybe some other material in water. Water waste was actually taken care under OU4, apparently at this site. believe Rohm and Haas took all the arsenic and everything and put it in a safe place so it doesn't spread too much. OU5, liquid and soil and other wastes. And OU6 is groundwater, which is going on now.

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What we are going to talk about today, in the last phase of OU3, soil sediment, we finish more modifications on OU3 almost, except the last phase, which is some contaminated soil underneath Fairlane Avenue, right adjacent to the site. If you can see

this, there's a bridge here on the canal and there's an underpass. Just before the underpass there's a portion that contaminates an old farm and we felt that it is most safer and more --- less a public health threat by not disturbing the soil underneath Fairlane Avenue. There are certain utilities we had to cut down and there was a threat for --- threat to the bridge, also.

MS. BROWN:

I'm going to walk this back so people can see.

MR. KHONA:

After the video, as Lisa explained, it's about 3,000 cubic yards, which is ---.

MS. BROWN:

This is the treatment plant for the groundwater, and this is Fairlane Avenue and this is the section of road

that we're talking about tonight.

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MR. KHONA:

Under this proposal, the road cover, which is perfectly covered, will be mentioned in such a way that, you know, there are some cracks or something, it will come under --- ongoing maintenance plan that we will do this year. And also there's a poison --in case local township or some local utilities want to dig up the road for repair work or servicing the utilities, there will be on-call systems established that they can call Rohm and Haas or their assigned consultant to help township or local authorities to help it getting to the utility for repair in a safe manner with all the --- following the EPA rules and regulations. And if

they have to diq up --- if 1 soil is contaminated, it will 2 3 be disposed of in a proper 4 manner. Also, whatever rules 5 and regulations apply, they will be there, too, and it will 6 be assured by Rohm and Haas 7 SmithKline. That's all. 8 9 think I'm going to start video. 10 Just before, same thing, 11 believe is in --- you saw the 12 map. Just to give you idea, 13 this is our --- this is me actually, I was involved with 14 the site in 1986 or '87, 15 probably the first person to 16 enter after the site was under 17 removal and cleanup plan. You 18 can see me clearly. I remember 19 that site. This is not me. 20 You can see all the drums 21 22 the back and all that, so 23 much waste we had. And now it It looks like looks like this. 24 25 this. So you get the picture.

So I think we will start the video. And after the video we'll have a question and answer, of course.

MS. BROWN:

Unless, of course,

there are any pressing questions of the audience now that you'd like us to address before we do the video. Does anybody in the audience have any questions for us at this point? Chris, I'm going to turn it over to you.

MR. CORBETT:

Okay. Thank you. I hope the video doesn't bore you all. It's basically a summary of the last six, seven, eight years of cleaning up the site.

And I think the photographs that Bhupi just showed, I mean, really the first few incidents of the film also depict how the site was when the owners just

went bankrupt and walked out. And it was a long road to get to here and EPA and New Jersey Department of --- excuse me, Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection and Rohm and Haas with Kline Beecham and Dean Hewitt (sic) with the folks from the township, I mean, everyone really came together nicely. And we have what's going to be a very nice park to turn over to the township in the next months. So with that, I'll the video on and give you all a little walk down memory lane.

VIDEOTAPE IS PLAYED

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MR. CORBETT:

The first four or five minutes of the film goes back in 1990 before any of the cleanup was started, except for a few of the removal actions that Bhupi had discussed

You can see a number earlier. of tanks that was still remaining in one of the buildings. There were building constructions up at the time. Contamination was found within the bermed area where the tanks had been. liquid was the main concern early on. With the building just being abandoned there were liquids left in tanks and drums, and then eventually we got to it in the piping within the building themselves.

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with the system was contaminated drinking water.
And there was also an early action where EPA had started and then Whitmoyer Laboratories had a study group who came in and took over the installation of the water line. You can see how some of the buildings were.

1 I mean, this was after a couple 2 years where it was just starting to dilapidate. 3 When it was first abandoned 4 5 obviously there weren't as many holes and stuff, but the roof 6 7 started to give. It was actually becoming a health and 8 safety problem not only from 9 the chemicals but also from a 10 physical standpoint. After 11 around 1992, we begin the 12 design phase, right after 13 starting with the consent 14 do you remember the vault in 15 the background. I don't know 16 17 if you remember how the vault had looked. That's a clip from 18 19 inside the vault. It was very difficult early on trying to 20 figure out even how to take the 21 22 vault apart and how to take material out of it. In the 23 beginning all we had was the 24 25 information gained from doing

small test pits in through the roof, and we tried to peer in and just figure out what was in there.

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You may recall one of the earlier cleanup decisions was to built an incinerator on the site and also to treat other wastes on the site. the time there weren't any facilities throughout the country that could accept the waste. It was very high in arsenic, up to 15 percent. Ιt also had organic chemicals mixed in there, aniline, as well as TCE and PCE. And that was as high as 10, 15 percent. And there were no facilities that were built that could handle the waste. After we got a few years into it, into the design, facilities started to become available throughout the country, various incinerators

and also treatment facilities where they could stabilize the waste.

None of us looked too
bad back in those days. One
more dangerous part from all of
the wastes that were left
inside the building in the
piping, you couldn't just go in
and knock down the building.
Somebody had to first
investigate, find out what
wastes were in the piping, what
were in the tanks.

VIDEO NARRATION

MR. CORBETT:

It was a lot of tank-by-tank -- I mean, the contractors that came in there did a nice job, and ENVIRON, with their design, spent a lot of time planning before they would even attempt ---.

MR. CORBETT:

21 About 1994 we started I 1 2 guess we started taking part. VIDEO NARRATION 3 4 MR. CORBETT: 5 We'll get back to that. VIDEO NARRATION 6 7 MR. CORBETT: I don't know if you can 8 9 tell, but the video is trying to show drums that were inside 10 the vault area. 11 12 MR. MOYER: It's pretty decent 13 VIDEO NARRATION 14 15 MR. CORBETT: A lot of buildings caved 16 17 in that winter. There were a lot of buildings in town that 18 went down. We were very 19 fortunate, just kind of caved 20 in nice and slow. 21 22 VIDEO NARRATION MR. CORBETT: 23 It was kind of hard to 24 25 Would you like me to see.

continue with it or ---? 1 2 Basically I can walk you 3 through it. It was only a few 4 more minutes that was left. Ιt showed the digging up of the 5 6 lagoons. It showed the digging 7 up of the soil. And then showed the progression to get 8 9 it to where it is today. 10 Sometime this spring, I guess, the transfer of the property 11 will be going from 12 13 MS. GAMBOL: 14 Summer. MR. CORBETT: 15 Oh, this summer? 16 MR. BAMETZREIDER: 17 The main holdup is going 18 19 to get EPA's approval. That's 20 going to take ---. MR. CORBETT: 21 22 Well, eventually, after 23 legal documents are signed, 24 the township will be taking 25 over for the site as far as,

you know, general cutting of the grass, things of that nature. As far as there's any moving of hazardous soils, as Bhupi had described before, if the road had to be dug up or for some reason there was a problem on the site and hazardous soils were encountered that varied two feet or more below the surface, then obviously we would have both EPA, the state, as well as the WLPSG contractor involved.

MR. CORBETT:

At some point in the future we'll have a movie with the kids out there playing soccer as well. We'll work on the tracking.

MR. MOYER:

Most of the phases have been discussed at public meetings and so on, so it's really just a review of what

has transpired in the past. So realizing that there may be some that would like to see it, but it's been pretty much covered several times, so ---.

MR. CORBETT:

So in fact, some of the clips, with my voice-over from meetings we had here.

With that, I guess I'll just turn the meeting over to Lisa or Bhupi to see if there are any questions about the modifications.

MS. BROWN:

I was going to see if I could get this to the most recent part and see if that tape, since it's different, may be a little bit better quality.

MR. KHONA:

That's 2000 ---.

MR. CORBETT:

This is actually pretty good. Some of the video on the

25 ventilation of the buildings 1 2 was some of the more 3 interesting. I think most 4 people in town remember the 5 skyline there with the larger tower. 6 VIDEO NARRATION 8 MS. GAMBOL: 9 Timber. MS. BROWN: 10 11 want to do that at 12 every site. That was cool. VIDEO NARRATION 13 l 14 MR. CORBETT: This was the early 15 treatment plant prior to the 16 one that was installed about 17 two years later. 18 VIDEO NARRATION 19 20 MR. CORBETT: We began the ground 21 22 water cleanup. We did the 23 demolition of the building to 24 clean that out. Again, the 25 vault cleanup, which was taken

out in phases. And then following that, went on to the lagoon cleanup.

VIDEO NARRATION

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MR. CORBETT:

During this phase it was like a moonscape, when we excavated the lagoon area. Over a million pounds of arsenic --- when you calculated the percentage of arsenic that was in the lagoon and when you looked at the volume that came out, just of arsenic alone was over a million pounds mixed in with that waste. It was all put on railcars and shipped off That was just one site. segment of the cleanup. That was just what we did in 1998. It was really amazing the progress that was made out there in such a short period of time. It was certainly a

significant commitment by both the companies, Rohm and Haas and SmithKline Beecham, even though they were only owners part of the time, and in fact, had even done different types of cleanups while they owned There's a great amount resources year after year. And as they'd be finishing one action in the field, they'd be planning behind the scenes what's going to be coming next. So that for the most part, for five or six years we had continuous remedial action.

VIDEOTAPE VIEWED

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MR. CORBETT:

Those are the railcars covered up. When we were in high gear there were seven rail cars coming in twice a week being filled up and taken off site, about 14 railcars a week.

25 VIDEOTAPE VIEWED

MR. CORBETT:

Prior to being taken off site, the railcars were topped once, then they were covered a second time, almost like an envelope. They then would be staged on site until we had seven together, inspect them before they go off site and then all materials were transported without any incident for a number of years. That was something I hadn't realized, we ship a lot of waste off site by railcars, never had an accident or a spillage, and by truck also, different ways taken to incinerators.

And from the safety standpoint working on site, someone twisted their ankle or broke their ankle, I guess.

MR. JOHNSON:

Somebody broke their

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wrist, somebody twisted their ankle, and somebody --- broken wrist and broken ankle.

You know, which were

MR. CORBETT:

just minor, you know, trip-andfall-type injuries, considering
that we had a crew out there
working through winters,
summers. And it was a safe
cleanup. We never had any
spills off site into the
community. Very few complaints
from the neighbors throughout
the time, also.

MR. MOYER:

Very, very little.

MR. CORBETT:

Thistles. We had a problem with thistles for a while.

MR. MOYER:

You still have problems with thistles.

MR. CORBETT:

Now, we go into the soil cleanup. So basically the vault was gone. The ground water cleanup had started already. The lagoons were dug up. The buildings were knocked down. Now, we're down to basically the final phase of the cleanup was digging up the contaminated soil.

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All of the hazardous soil, as defined by the RCRA Program, the Resource Conservation Recovery Act Program, hazardous soils at a chemical manufacturing facility or an active facility. We had soils that were hazardous by definition, they went off site, they were treated. What was left behind was lightly contaminated and moderately contaminated soil, and over all those areas was a two-foot soil covering. This was as recent s

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That's from the going across. ground water treatment plant. The last part of the video shows the inside of the active ground water treatment plant, where the ground water cleanup will continue. In fact, if you're walking around on the site, on the walking trail or close to where the soccer fields would be, you can see some plates on the ground where it says monitoring well, observation point. This is the inside of the ground water treatment plant. One of the nice things about the final plant was that they use a waste product from the steel industry called pickle liquor. It's an acid with a high iron content. And that's one of the first things that's mixed in with the contaminated ground water. Ву having the arsenic in there,

along with the high iron and the low pH, it then precipitates
--- I like the music. Hydrogen

peroxide is added in and then a polymer, similar to a wastewater treatment plant, basically, after that part of the process. And then at the end are carbon tanks where the water is polished through carbon to remove any organics that might still be in there.

And here's some recent shots. I think it will really be nice by the spring when the grass really starts growing and the trees start blossoming. A number of trees were placed on site, small saplings along the creek and along Union Canal. We'll have a softball field, two full-size soccer fields in combination with the --- I guess it will be baseball and

Little League fields. I don't know if it will be softball or not. There's a combination of children's soccer fields in that also, depending on the season. There's a walking trial that goes around the area.

MS. GAMBOL:

Can people use any of this now?

MR. CORBETT:

There's a sign posted now that says private property. I went for a walk around it. I don't know if people in the community --- I mean, there's no fence to stop ---.

MR. MOYER:

We do encourage people to go in and walk and ride their bikes on the road and kind of monitor the thing for us, if somebody is in there that doesn't belong or say

there was some damage we need to know about or you people need to know about. We've encouraged that in order to try to keep vandalism to a minimum, really.

MR. CORBETT:

It's nice and open. I mean, you walk in there --- I was just there before the meeting tonight and it's a nice open area.

MR. KHONA:

Part of monitoring for the water plan. It's all computerized and if there's something wrong, alarm goes on to process control.

MS. BROWN:

The system is actually smart enough that --- the system operating on its own can actually ring a phone and dial a live person to come out and respond to whatever is going

on.

MR. CORBETT:

In addition, there's a worker there operating the plant, checking on things 40 hours per week. Ray, you working weekends, too, or is it just to five days?

MR. JOHNSON:

Half days on Saturdays and Sundays.

MR. CORBETT:

and Sundays. Well, I hope you enjoyed that. It was really a tribute to all the people that worked on it, on the site over the years. And like I said, hopefully --- that was just something Bhupi was kind enough to put together real quick. I think he actually has some video of kids out there playing soccer and softball and maybe having a kickoff party at the

I don't know. Matt? time. Ι know over at the landfill that you worked at you did a wonderful job transferring that site also into something that was an asset for the community. And really, that's the nice ending to all this, is that this will be a real asset to the community. And it's still a little hard to envision now because the grass isn't grown in and the kids aren't up there playing soccer and stuff, but I think we're only a half season away.

MR. MOYER:

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The site we saw at

Pittman was really a beautiful

place without a doubt. It just

shows you what you can do with

a site like that when it's

taken over and handled

properly. Very good. And like

I said before, there's three

entities that need to get some credit here. There's Rohm and Haas, SmithKline and Beecham, who kind of are footing the bill for us, if I can use that expression. And of course, then the cooperation with EPA, because I'm sure there were times with your ROD where you had to make some compromises and things had to stay the course in other cases. But the job got done, and there's a beautiful facility there at this point. So a lot of people can take credit for it.

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MR. JOHNSON:

Don't forget Noreen over here.

MR. CORBETT:

The state was very supportive. Really, all of the entities, the local government, the state government --- no, seriously, the local

government, with you and your colleagues, the state government, the federal government and private industry. It's nice to see a success.

MR. MOYER:

We had a small part in it, and we thank you for your consideration. But you know, without Rohm and Haas and SmithKline Beecham and you folks and, again, DEP, the thing would have been over there still giving everybody a fit. So it's now a nice, beautiful site that everybody can use in the future, a lot of things.

MR. CORBETT:

The last thing I'd like to say before turning it back over to Lisa or Bhupi is that EPA is going to be there just because the property now is

changing into another phase. It's becoming a recreational facility. EPA and --- I speak for Noreen and the state, where we're still here if there are questions. We know that the Whitmoyer Laboratory Private Study Group is still behind the project. We have the ground water treatment that will be qoing on for a number of years, as well as their support, in case we have to go down below the soils. So we're all here with you all in the future, and I think it's a real success. look forward to coming back up again, you know, for the ribbon cutting. With that, I'll turn it over.

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MR. KHONA:

Thanks, Chris, for a nice presentation of the video. And you know, he's getting involved and he's the person

who made this true. As Chris mentioned, you know, EPA will be there, I'll be there, and there is an operation maintenance plan, as well as a final review that will be required to do every five years after completion of any --- after studying any remedial action. So already one is done, and so we'll be keeping an eye on it. And once a year or more somebody from EPA will come and look around the site and you're welcome to call us.

MR. MOYER:

That was one of the questions we had I think when we met with Rohm and Haas, SmithKline Beecham. Bill Kline and myself are not going to be here forever, and we wanted to make sure that some of the requirements down there were met by the local people, the

local government, because we're not going to be here, and we know what is required now.

Down the road somebody else has to always be reminded of that, that it is a hazardous waste site and it is still under the auspices of the EPA. So that's just something that we appreciate, that you're going to stay here.

MR. CORBETT:

Actually, I think it's once a year or twice a year, one of the requirements --- it's twice a year. We built a requirement into the program that we will be together at least twice a year just to talk about, you know, any planned activities you all may have or the colleagues that follow after you.

MR. MOYER:

Right. Okay. The video

was good, Bhupi. The only
thing is you couldn't have done
pairs skating with the music,
but it was pretty good. I
enjoyed it.

MR. KHONA:

Promise next one --- we have now new equipment. I'm going to --- you know, we'll try something different. That probably gives you --- at least for me, although I came here a long time back, but gave me a good picture of what went on at the site. Really, I enjoyed it. For me, it was pretty educational that, you know, I know what actually went to the site. It was good.

MS. BROWN:

Are there any questions from our audience here tonight?

MR. HEBERLING:

I have a couple

questions, but they have to do

not with you people but with the township supervisors as to a timeline as to when this is --- you know, it actually is going to be a park and activities are going to start to happen and, you know, things like that. I mean, the last I heard, we were looking at a transfer of July sometime. mean, that's just what I heard in passing from the person who chased me off the property while I was walking on it who told me that it was private property. So this encouragement of, you know, township people to use the facility is new to me because last I knew I was told there were private property signs up and no trespassing. And we were not encouraged to. fact, I'm an adjacent property owner, and I have chased

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several children who were riding bikes from that property because I was told it was private property and there was no trespassing because of that reason.

MR. MOYER:

Again, I'm going to go
back to the owners because they
have the onus at this point.
So rather than me say, go ahead
in there with bicycles, walking
and so on, I felt like we got
that encouragement from them at
our last meeting in order to
kind of keep an eye on the
place. Now, maybe they have a
different agenda at this point.

MR. HEBERLING:

This was right after the contractors had left the property and pretty much installed the signs, and about a month after that I was there and someone else, another

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contractor was there down by the Tulpehocken Creek, doing some work. I think he was planting trees or something like that. And he yelled, you're trespassing, you're trespassing, you know, this is private property. And I asked, I said, well, has the township taken over the property. He said, no, that's not going to happen until July. Until then, we don't want anybody on this site. It's private property. So I've been obliging. And if I see people --- I'm an adjacent property owner. if I see people over there, especially, you know, kids, I've been telling them, you know, stay off the site, it's private property, because I have just been doing that, you know, looking out for the property, so to speak.

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MR. JOHNSON:

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I'll address that a little bit. I'm going to say I appreciate that, and I encourage you to continue to do that until we turn it over to the township. We did put up no trespassing signs and other types of signs. And it's to discourage anybody from going on there on a regular basis just so that the ground can take maturing to be established. So we like to try to discourage anybody from walking on there, driving on there. You're not going to keep everybody from doing that, but as much as you can we would appreciate it until it is turned over and until it does get established.

MR. YUNASKA:

Well, there were also indications of people using

four-wheel-drive vehicles running through the newly-seeded grass areas, which, you know, it's never going to get right if that continues on.

MR. HEBERLING:

I had seen some --- I saw a go-cart and whatever over there. Oh, yeah, they were

MR. JOHNSON:

There's evidence of small vehicles.

MR. HEBERLING:

I didn't really catch up to them, but I've been keeping an eye out for it. But there's been kids with bicycles, but mostly they've been playing on the concrete paths.

MR. FIZZANO:

With the ground being soft, I could see that would be difficult to ride. I mean, the no trespassing signs will be

removed when the property is transferred. But for right now it was to discourage is so that we can get the grass to grow. We finished --- later in the growing season we're able to establish some grass growth, but right now we're in kind of a holding pattern until the spring comes. So hopefully in the spring we'll get some good grass growing and we'll be in good shape.

MR. HEBERLING:

I mean, I can't wait.

I'm anticipating --- I live

right next door, and I can't

wait to use the walking path.

Right now I'm just walking up

the block and back again with

--- I can say that once this is

open and the walking path is

completed, you know, that will

be the place I'll be doing my

walking, you know.

MR. FIZZANO:

it's not going to grow three feet tall and have to make a complaint to somebody and be on the lookout for rodents and things like that.

MR. MOYER:

It hasn't. They've done

MR. HEBERLING:

Only if somebody gets, you know, between --- we never know. We're in February right now. You know, if this only gets finalized in July, we're through a pretty heavy grassgrowing season there.

MR. MOYER:

We thought of that.

MR. HEBERLING:

Just covering some bases here.

MR. KHONA:

And that's a good point.

If somebody doesn't cut the grass it can grow. But that

won't be the case. Until the site goes over to the township, Whitmoyer Study Group will take that up.

MR. HEBERLING:

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I mean, do we have a time --- is there a tentative date or some sort of --- what kind of timeline are we looking at about transfer to township?

MR. KHONA:

Well, tentatively I believe it's sometime in the summer, like July, August. They have to iron takes time. out some legal --- what we call legal documents prospective purchase agreement with EPA and then other agreements between Whitmoyer Study Group and the township. So far all the parties are for it. I don't see any problem. It's a good thing. EPA encourages this kind of recycling of sites. Ιn fact, that's one of the priorities right now. And so I don't see any problem. When you will be able to use it, that's a different reason until the grass grows properly and all that stuff.

MR. HEBERLING:

And the no trespassing signs go down.

MR. KHONA:

Yes.

MR. CORBETT:

I would imagine there will be some kind of ribbon cutting ceremony or something, I would hope.

MS. BROWN:

We would make sure to get that information out in one of our newsletters and announce it to the community and make a point of calling local media outlets and letting them know that the work has been finished

and, you know, the project and the site was entering yet another phase, a new phase.

MR. HEBERLING:

Does the township have a time line on completion of some of the things that are included in the park, as far as bleachers, dugouts?

MR. MOYER:

Not at this point we don't. First of all, we discussed this evening with the private study group and we're almost certain that this year, 2002, will not be used for any activity because we want the ground, grass, everything else to mature, so that when we do use it, it's going to be able to hold up. So probably not being in the year 2002.

MR. HEBERLING:

Okay.

MR. YUNASKA:

I think that's just as far as playing fields are concerned. But I think in terms of like the walking trails and all that ---.

MR. MOYER:

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It, again, depends on what we consider priority, which one we want to go --- we have a recreation committee that's probably going to dictate to us or at least they're going to give us their input as to where we're going to proceed, what are we going to start with first, and so on and so forth. Then we'll sit down with the two parties, their supervisors and the recreation commission and decide what area we're going to start on. That's pretty much is. You can make the way it some plans now, but maybe things change in the meantime,

so we're going to hold on until we get it and then we can go from there.

MR. HEBERLING:

Is this all going to be covered at a public meeting or township supervisors' meetings and stuff like that as far as what the agenda is for completion? I mean, I'm looking at it from an aspect I was told that the walking trail is going to be blacktop and --- or, you know, whatever to make it easier to walk, because right now it's just pressed stone.

MR. MOYER:

It very well could be blacktop, but that may not be one of the top priorities, Rick. It could be down the road three years.

MR. HEBERLING:

My name is Ray, not

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Rick. Thank you.

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MR. MOYER:

Ray, I'm sorry. We're trying to get what we think is The

I understand that if the

parking, okay. And just since this has been publicized a little bit more, I've seen more and more traffic back my way. And my problem is --- I have a problem with gawkers coming back and then not using the cul-de-sac to turn around. They like to turn around in my parking lot, my driveway. I have tried putting a private property, no trespassing, please use cul-de-sac sign ahead, and they seem to very much like to read that while they're going around it. do not hesitate when I see them to yell at them and they look like, what kind of a fool is that, you know. So I can say that, you know, putting a sign up doesn't necessarily work, plus it also hinders the deliveries that I receive, because I have a business back

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there. I do get deliveries on a weekly basis. And I can't rope the area off because the majority of these deliveries are made when I am not there. My vendors have access to my buildings, but I can't constantly rope the area off. And this is --- you know, I've had a problem with people coming back there and turning around on my property, only because they don't want to do it in the stone.

MR. DECK:

Ray, I think the route foreman and the township supervisor will work toward eliminating that problem. I think we can eliminate that problem either by strapping that with lines or something like that, which will define your property line and where the cul-de-sac is. And maybe

we can improve that cul-de-sac and the parking area back there. We will address that when the time comes. so to the walking paths, I know it's rough stone there. And we can correct that by putting stone dust over the top of that, which it gets real solid and makes it a lot easier to walk than on the stone. think there are other things that we will have to address maybe in a year or so, but we will probably address that, too.

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MR. HEBERLING:

I just wanted to voice my opinions on some of this that are concerns of mine only because at one time, up until this was all completed, you know, I had very, very little traffic back that way, you know. But ever since it was,

you know, it was pretty much completely, you know, there's been more and more traffic back there for people who want to look at the park, which I don't have a problem with, as long as they're not using my property to turn around on. You know, that's my concern. And the only reason I wanted to voice my opinion was, you know, when is the parking area going to get done. Right now the only thing that's there is just stone. That's all that signifies there's anything there. The street was widened and blacktopped to the point where the parking begins, and you know, I understand we don't want to --- you know, we don't want to rush into anything as far as --- you know, we want to let the soil settle and everything like that, but I'm

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just concerned about seeing more and more traffic back that area --- in that area.

MR. DECK:

Ray, you're going to see more traffic. There are going to be townhouses being built out there along Creamery Road.

We're proposing if we can get these regulatory people to work with us, in widening the bridges.

MR. HEBERLING:

Well, that's another topic for discussion.

MR. DECK:

And you had mentioned something about it being blacktopped. It was kind of a --- not a permanent --- it was just a widening of the road area. The road was washed out, so we wouldn't have more washouts there. As you know, last summer, the rains made

quite a washout. We went around in there with heavier stone, and then we just put a base in there, macadam, just to hold it.

MR. HEBERLING:

It looks good.

MR. DECK:

It's a temporary fix.

MR. HEBERLING:

I mean, as far as I'm concerned, it looks good. I'm just trying to find out what the timeline is and what I can expect. I mean, I'm not asking for anything. It's just that, you know, --- this is beautiful. This is ten times better than what it looked like when I moved into my property four years ago. And I love it. I encourage it. You know, this sure beats just having an open field there. I'd rather see, you know, something like

this where the community is going to get use out of it and, you know, actually see some people back there every once in a while. As far as I'm concerned, it's great. You know, like I said, I have some concerns, too. I did hear rumors about the bridges. you know, like I said, that's another topic just for the township because there are property owners back there that both own businesses and have business traffic. And when the bridges get done and get closed, that's a concern, because we have --- you know, the Yons (phonetic) have foot traffic --- not foot traffic, but continual traffic because she runs a beauty shop there. They have more traffic than we But then, again, too, my traffic is different. I have

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delivery trucks, which, you know, have to be able to use that road because I'm getting deliveries on --- you know, at least three deliveries a week. So whenever, you know, the bridges are taken care of, it has to be --- some accommodations have to be made.

MR. JOHNSON:

Ray, just to help you out, you're probably aware of it, but the bulk of you mentioned the heavy traffic that's going to be coming back there. But the bulk of the traffic will be directed towards Fairlane Avenue, where the bulk of the parking will be. There is some parking along Creamery, but it's limited compared to Fairlane.

MS. BROWN:

And we do have a map up here that you're welcome to

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come up and take a look at at the end of our meeting that shows the layout. I can bring it back to you now.

MR. HEBERLING:

I know what the layout is. I've seen it.

MS. BROWN:

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All right.

MR. HEBERLING:

I've seen it when it was printed in the newspapers. I now the layout. But still on Creamery Road, there's a softball field and there's going to be a soccer field. So you now, just looking at the average person, I'm not going to park over on Fairlane if I've got a softball game or a baseball game over on Creamery, because they're not going to walk that far. They're going to park over on Creamery Street. You know, that just to me is a given. You know, I don't think they're going to park over on Fairlane if they have a soccer game on that soccer field that's closest to Creamery Street. That's just not going to happen.

MR. KHONA:

There's no parking there right now --- I mean, plan for this area, Creamery. I don't think there's a public parking

MS. BROWN:

There is something here that says this is a formal parking area with lines painted. And this is the stone area here.

MR. FIZZANO:

And the reason why we put that in was because we knew we would have parking. We knew that the lower parking area couldn't accommodate everybody,

and we didn't want people parking on what would be grass. And we did have to put it in. we tried to limit it.

MR. HEBERLING:

So that's just going to be stone?

MR. FIZZANO:

For right now what we did and what --- we, meaning what WLPSG did, was to basically, you know, give the township that personal direction to develop a park. And at the same time we achieved a remedy that EPA put in place for the site itself. So for right now we limited our work to the stone. And then if they choose to go forward with macadam, you know, for these areas, that's where we stop and they would continue.

MR. KHONA:

I mean, this is nothing

to do with --- in line with the thing, but there's a suggestion, you can have just office and parking here or permitted parking, maybe, you know, because there's more parking space in front. That can be done or --- you know, because there is a township ----

MS. GAMBOL:

Right there.

MR. KHONA:

You know, you can have a permitted parking area here.

MR. FIZZANO:

That's really more of a township thing.

MR. KHONA

Right. I mean, there are some solutions that you can work on.

MR. MOYER:

Yes. And we will work it out also. It's a little

premature to be doing that at this point because we really don't know what's going to be our priority. So when we find that out, we're going to work on the soccer fields on the west end there and the baseball field, then we naturally have to do something at the parking there. So that will be taken care of as we prioritize what we're going to do, so ---.

MS. BROWN:

Are there any questions, any further questions related to the soil proposal that we've been discussing this evening?

Okay.

MR. DECK:

I would have maybe one question on that. And that is if we get a gulley washer, what are our responsibilities at that point? We can get gulley washers in in the summer or we

get washouts. How do we address that? Do we call you or how do we handle that?

MR. MOYER:

I think we discussed that tonight at the table; did we not?

MR. YUNASKA:

Maybe Clyde didn't hear this.

MR.DECK:

I probably didn't. But you know, these are like flash floods that come, you know, a gulley washer, a water spout or something like that where it just takes everything out and the next morning you scratch your head, now, how are we going to address this thing.

And at that point we call you or we call --- who do we call?

MR. KHONA:

They have an on-call system.

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1	MR. DECK:
2	Just call them?
3	MR. KHONA:
4	Call them. And if it's
5	not resolved or
6	MR. DECK:
7	Do we have to shut
8	everything down or can we
9	continue with?
10	MS. BROWN:
11	Are you speaking of the
12	future the future
13	development, when this changes
14	over into a recreation area?
15	MR. DECK:
16	That's correct. Not
17	now. We're just talking in the
18	future, that, you know, when we
19	would have something. And it
20	can happen. I've seen it
21	happen.
22	MR. FIZZANO:
23	Are you referring to
24	like bank washout?
25	MR. DECK

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Big washouts.

MR. FIZZANO:

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Well, I mean, we have a couple failsafes in place. I mean, one is obviously during the day, we have the treatment plant operators. So they're going to be, you know, at the ahead of it, attuned to the situation that's at hand. But for those situations, you know, we'd want to contact --- you'd want to contact the WLPSG basically to assess whether is it real or was it something that, you know, did we lose like six inches of soil in an area or was there, you know, a catastrophic loss of soil. I mean, we have two feet of soil. When you think about two feet, that's a fair amount of

MR. DECK:

My concern there was

just to get an understanding.

It's a what if. And do we have to close the park down at that point? Can the kids continue to pay on it? What if?

MR. KHONA:

Let me make it a little clear. The question you're asking is not pertaining to modification three, we discuss, you know, another Fairlane Avenue. Now you're asking a general question for the site.

MR. DECK:

For the site.

MR. KHONA:

I want to make it for the field.

MR. FIZZANO:

And these are things
that we're going to have as far
as our own implant for the
site. I mean, the implant is
not only going to be just what
you would suspect as far as

routine maintenance for the site, but it's also going to through emergency notification as far as if there's an emergency with a utility or just we want to put in a sewer line, you know, and who you call on that aspect. will give you where contamination is, where the limits of contamination are. We're hoping it's going to be an all-encompassing document that's going to have basically that done and will carry it forward.

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MR. DECK:

I understand all of
that. My question really
pertains to once it's a
township, to get a gulley
washer, you know, and we get a
deep washout, do we have to
shut down or can we keep going?
That's my concern. The other

item, the digging, is relative.

MR. FIZZANO:

That would be based on how much is washed out. And that assessment would have to be done by both WLPSG as well as the agency, if it's a major

MR. DECK:

Washout.

MR. FIZZANO:

--- loss.

MR. CORBETT:

Clyde, you would always have a number for point of contact at the EPA. There will always be a number available for the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection as well. And I'm sure that the WLPSG would have a point of contact, you know, also.

MR. DECK:

Okay.

MR. CORBETT:

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If there's ever a case 1 where there's a certain kind of 2 3 emergency, you know, something happens ---4 MS. BROWN: 5 Or a question. 6 7 MR. CORBETT: --- you know, or a 8 question, there will always be 9 a place to call. 10 MR. KHONA: 11 When you're in doubt. 12 MR. DECK: 13 The first people that 14 are going to be contacted is 15 Dean, myself or Bill. 16 MS. BROWN: 17 Absolutely. 18 MR. DECK: 19 20 And then we have to have answers at that point. 21 MR. CORBETT: 22 Sure. 23 MR. YUNASKA: 24 25 Well, Clyde, a simple

answer to your question here, we are responsible for maintaining the integrity of the two-foot soil. If there's any washout, after you guys take it over, we're still responsible for the two-foot soil cover. And we would have somebody come in and make the necessary repairs to make that back to where it was when we left. There's a two-foot protective soil cover.

MR. BAMETZREIDER:

Ray and I were talking about this earlier, is having regular training for township personnel that they know how to maintain the site, do the routine maintenance and identify any emergency situations.

MR. YUNASKA:

 $\label{eq:theorem} \mbox{That's going to be part}$ of the --.

MR. DECK:

These little things are trivial, but you know, ---.

MR. BAMETZREIDER:

They're very important.

MR. DECK:

And I've seen it over here at the trailer where it's not ---. I got a call, hey, there's water running over 422, and we had to address it. And that was a major break.

MR. KHONA:

I think you mentioned something there, whether you have to shut it down or, you know, if some day the wash --I think your concern was if something that, you know, need to be repaired and you have to call, probably even whether it's washout or anything else, you may have to shut down the field.

MR. CORBETT:

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Or rope off the area. 1 2 MR. KHONA: You know, depending upon 3 4 the area involved. So that's 5 always a possibility. 6 MR. DECK: 7 You guys are not going to come back and fine us then? 8 9 MR. CORBETT: No, not at all. 10 Ιn fact, that's the whole 11 12 MS. GAMBOL: Good question. 13 MR. DECK: 14 15 I wouldn't be saying all this, but we tried to get a 16 17 park in back there with Strikes and we want to do all kinds of 18 19 maneuvering there. We got letters ---. 20 21 MR. BAMETZREIDER: That would have been the 22 Corps of Engineers. That 23 wasn't the EPA. 24 25 MR. DECK:

Within so many days you're going to get fined \$50,000 a day or something like that.

MR. KHONA:

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The responsibility, you know, I mean, as far as my understanding, you know, working with our attorney, the responsibility --- between you, if you notify somebody, that's fine. The little damage, it's not going to ruin the remedial. The whole remedial is pretty intact. You know, little bit here. Somebody puts the pole for volleyball or something like that, it's not going to damage the remedial site. But if you don't address that, it can get worse. So you have sometime, if it is a major event, something happened and all of a sudden there's a mudslide or something, then

it's a major event, and then it's a different situation.

MR. BAMETZREIDER:

Okay. The primary

concern ~--.

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MR. KHONA:

I think it's ---.

MS. BROWN:

Speaking on behalf of EPA, I can just basically say I'm pretty confident that when all is said and done and we're actually ready to have this turn it into a recreational field, EPA and all the parties who are involved in this project will be working to get the answers to those specific types of questions. And regardless to operation, maintenance, how to identify areas such as the water impact area that you were talking about with washouts and such. We may not have those answers

83 right now down pat, 1 2 specifically answered, but we 3 will. We'll be working on 4 those with you. 5 MR. YUNASKA: There's going to be 6 7 problems that come up that 8 can't anticipate, and we just work with it. 9 10 MR. DECK: 11 Well, we have good guys working. And it's just, you 12 13 know --- this is the place to ask a question, not after the 14 15 meeting, just for my satisfaction or maybe for 16 17 MR. KHONA: You have to have a 18 comfort level. 19 20 MR. DECK: 21 That's exactly right, 22 yes. MS. BROWN: 23 24 Just so that we don't 25 wear out the fingers of our

84 stenographer here tonight, I'm 1 just going to put out one last 2 3 call for any questions related to the proposal for the soils 4 underneath Fairlane Avenue. 5 Are there any other questions 6 7 related to that? Going once? Going twice? 8 9 MR. MOYER: Sold. 10 MS. BROWN: 11 Three times. Closed. 12 Vivian, you can give your 13 fingers a rest. We'll be glad 14 15 to stay here and answer any other questions under the sun. 16 17 HEARING CONCLUDED AT 8:22 P.M. 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

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CERTIFICATE

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING PROCEEDINGS WERE REPORTED STENOGRAPHICALLY BY ME AND THEREAFTER REDUCED TO TYPEWRITING AND THAT THIS TRANSCRIPT IS A TRUE AND ACCURATE RECORD THEREOF.

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